

# AcademyHealth State-University Partnership Learning Network (SUPLN) Web Conference

Findings from the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant Program

**September 17, 2015** 

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#### Discussion

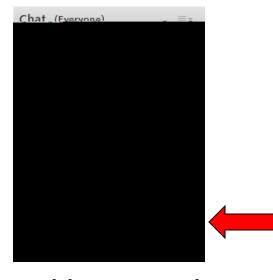
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# AcademyHealth Staff

Enrique Martinez-Vidal, Vice President State Policy and Technical Assistance Alyssa Walen, Senior Manager Stephanie Kennedy, Research Assistant



# Agenda

#### **Welcome and Introduction**

7 cf Y'GYhc Z7\]`Xf Yb Bg' < YU'l\ '7 Uf Y'E i U']hmiA YUgi f Yg'Zcf'A YX]WUJX'UbX' CHIP: Lessons from the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant Program

Anna Christensen, Ph.D., Senior Health Researcher, Mathematica Policy Research

SC Medicaid-USC Partnership: Implementing CHIPRA Core Measures in South Carolina

Kathy Mayfield Smith, MA, MBA, Associate Director, Medicaid Policy Research, USC Institute for Families in Society

Implementing Child Health Measures at the State and Practice-level: Lessons @/UfbYX'h fci [\'AU]bYBg'Improving Health Outcomes for Children CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant

Kimberley Fox, MPA, Senior Research Associate, Cutler Institute for Health and Social Policy, Muskie School of Public Service, University of Southern Maine

Elizabeth Hill, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

**Q+A** and Discussion



### **Current SUPLN Members**

California (UCSF, UCD, UCLA)

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Iowa

Kentucky

Maine

Maryland

Massachusetts

Michigan (MSU, UM)

Minnesota

New Hampshire

**New Jersey** 

Ohio

Pennsylvania

South Carolina

Wisconsin



#### Core

Quality Measures for Medicaid and CHIP:

# Lessons from the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant Program

Presentation to the State-University Partnership Learning Network

September 17, 2015

Anna L. Christensen, Ph.D., Senior Health Researcher, Mathematica Policy Research



#### Agenda

Background on the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grants and the CMS Child Core Set

**Evaluation Findings and Lessons Learned from the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant Program** 

How are Demonstration States ?0on ron Set

# Background on the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grants and the CMS Child Core Set

#### CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grants

## Congressionally mandated by the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA)

\$100 million program

One of the largest federally funded efforts to focus on health care for children

#### Five-year grants awarded by CMS

10 grants, including multi-State partnerships (18 States total) February 2010–February 2015, with some extensions \$9 to \$11 million per grantee

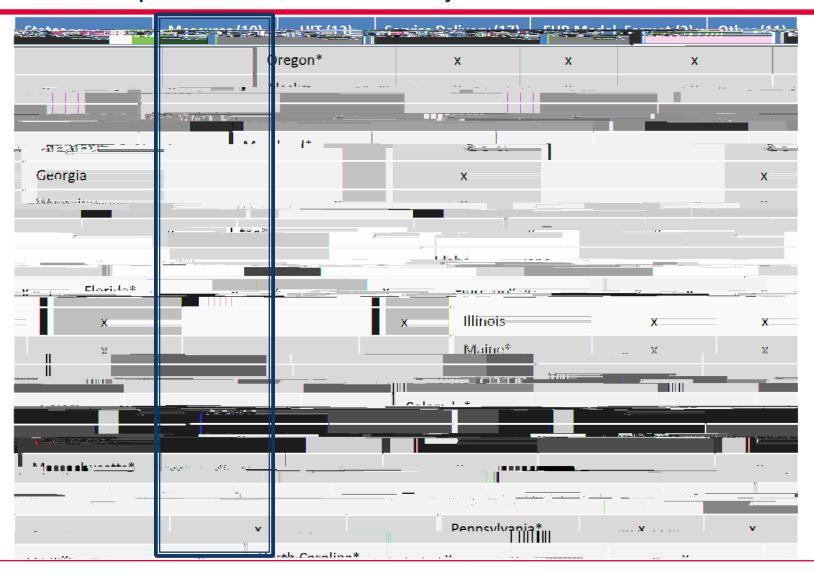
#### **National evaluation**

CMS funding, AHRQ oversight

August 2010–September 2015

Mathematica, Urban Institute, AcademyHealth

#### Demonstration Grantees\* and Partner States Implemented 52 Projects in 5 Areas



#### Child Core Set

Set of measures for voluntary annual reporting by Medicaid and CHIP agencies (24 measures in 2015)

Annual updates to measures based on review and public comment

#### **Measure areas**

Access to care, preventive care, maternal and perinatal health, behavioral health, care of acute and chronic conditions, oral health, experience of care

Fills a gap by providing a uniform set of state-level quality measures for children's care

#### 2015 Child Core Set (1)

NQF#	



#### 2015 Child Core Set (2)

NQF#	Measure Steward	Measure Name	
Maternal and Perinatal Health			
0139	CDC	Pediatric Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections Neonatal Intensive Care Unit and Pediatric Intensive Care Unit (CLABSI)	
0471	TJC	PC-02: Cesarean Section (PC02)	
1382	CDC	Live Births Weighing Less Than 2,500 Grams (LBW)	
1391	NCQA	Frequency of Ongoing Prenatal Care (FPC)	
1517	NCQA	Prenatal & Postpartum Care: Timeliness of Prenatal Care (PPC)	
NA	AMA-PCPI	Behavioral Health Risk Assessment (for Pregnant Women) (BHRA)	
Behavioral Health			
0108	NCQA	Follow-Up Care for Children Prescribed Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Medication (ADD)	
0576	NCQA	Follow-Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness (FUH)	
1365	AMA-PCPI	Child and Adolescent Major Depressive Disorder: Suicide Risk Assessment (SRA)	

#### 2015 Child Core Set (3)

NQF#	Measure Steward	Measure Name		
Care of Acute and Chronic Conditions				
0024	NCQA	Weight Assessment and Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity for Children/Adolescents Body Mass Index Assessment for Children/Adolescents (WCC)		
1799	NCQA	Medication Management for People with Asthma (MMA)		
NA	NCQA	Ambulatory Care Emergency Department (ED) Visits (AMB)		
Oral Hea	Oral Health			
2508	DQA (ADA)	Prevention: Dental Sealants for 6 9 Year-Old Children at Elevated Caries Risk (SEAL)		
NA	CMS	Percentage of Eligibles Who Received Preventive Dental Services (PDENT)		
Experience of Care				
NA	NCQA	Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS®) 5.0H (Child Version Including Medicaid and Children with Chronic Conditions Supplemental Items) (CPC)		

#### Measure Specifications

Measures that states report to CMS should include data on entire population of children in Medicaid/CHIP in the state

Two-thirds are based on HEDIS health plan measures

#### **Data sources**

Primarily Medicaid/CHIP administrative data (enrollment and claims or managed care encounters)

Some measures can use HEDIS hybrid methods (administrative data plus medical chart review)

Some perinatal measures require vital records data

States can link to other administrative data sources, including immunization registries

One survey-based measure (CAHPS)

Two EHR measures added in 2013 and 2015

#### For Assistance Reporting the Measures (1)

#### Technical specifications manual available online:

<u>www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/quality-of-care/downloads/medicaid-and-chip-child-coreset-manual.pdf</u>

and CHIP (Child Core Set)

Technical Specifications and Resource Manual for Federal Fiscal Year 2015 Reporting

#### For Assistance Reporting the Measures (2)

# Medicaid/CHIP Health Care Quality Measures Technical Assistance (TA) and Analytic Support Program

Established by CMS in 2011 as a capacity-building program

TA available to all states via:

Resource manuals

Email helpdesk

Webinars

Issue briefs

In-person quality conferences

#### For Assistance Reporting the Measures (3)



#### For Measure Results

#### Child Core Set measures are publicly reported annually by HHS

www.medicaid.gov/ medicaid-chip-programinformation/bytopics/quality-ofcare/downloads/2014child-sec-rept.pdf

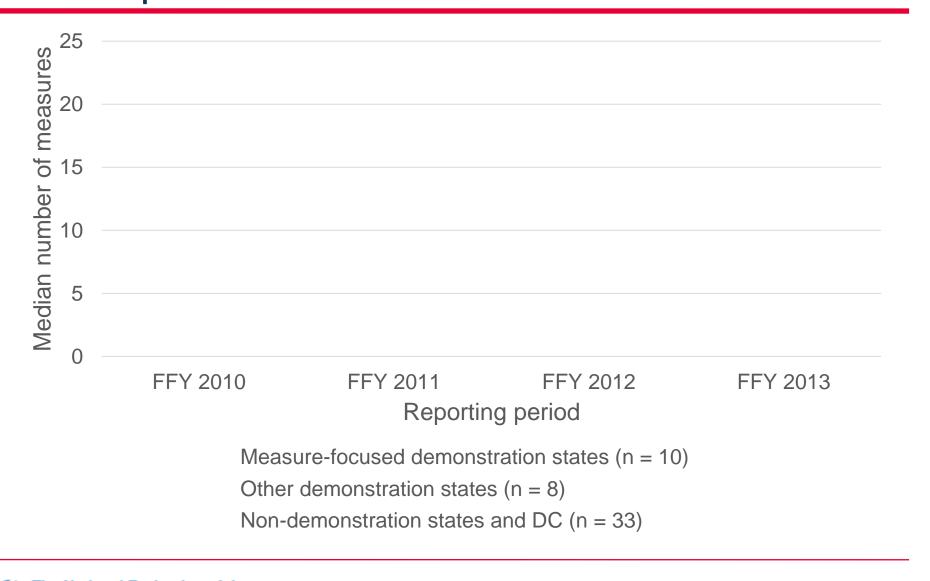


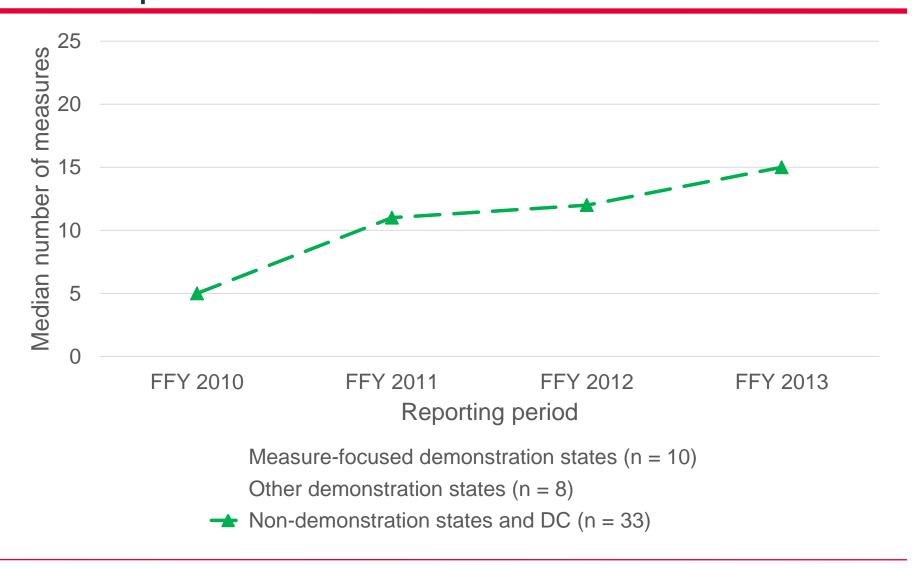
#### Evaluation Findings and Lessons Learned from the CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant Program

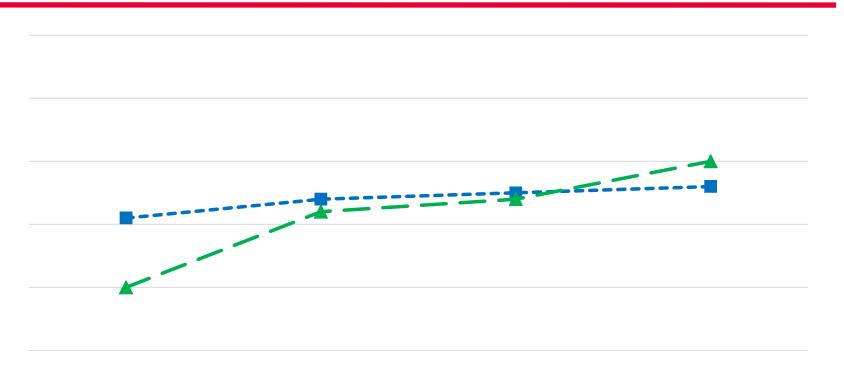


#### Measure-

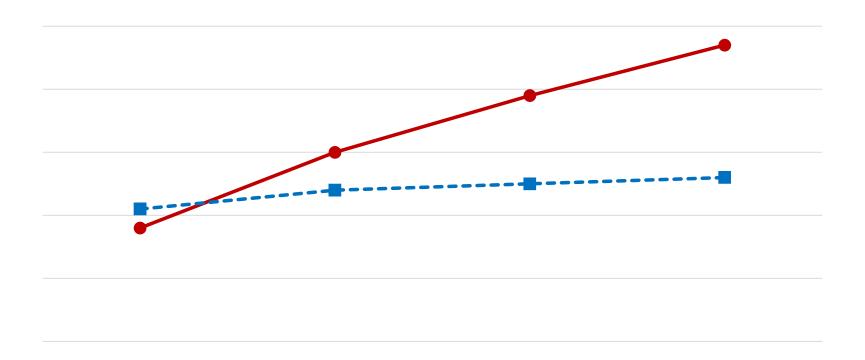












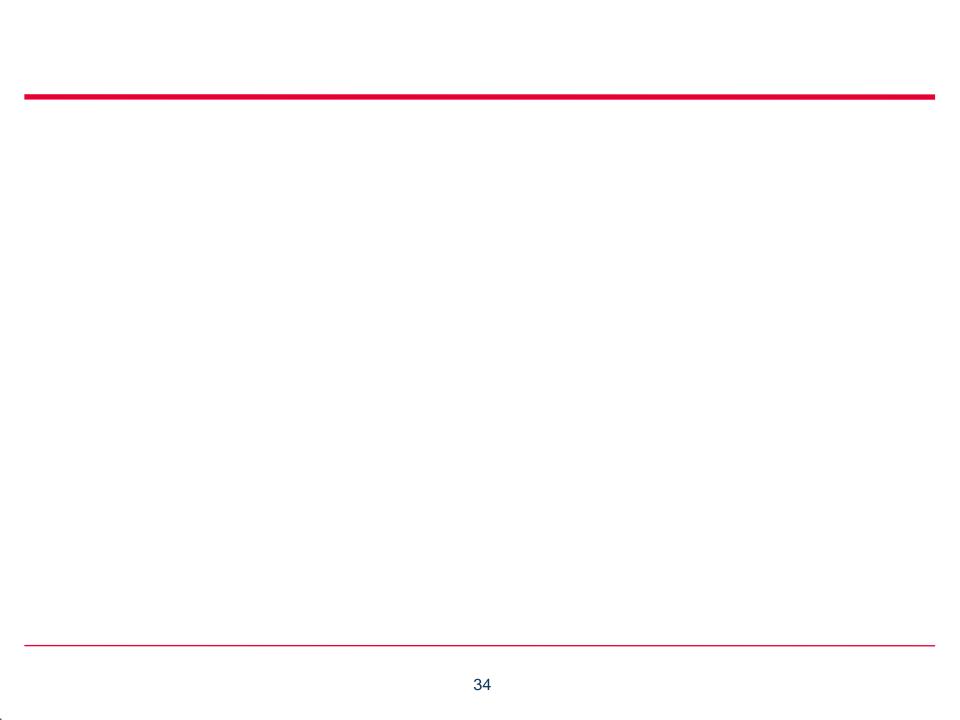


#### Challenges

#### Combining data from different programs/sources

Medicaid FFS, Medicaid MCOs, CHIP (if separate CHIP agency)









#### Reporting Results to Stakeholders

#### Goals

Document and be transparent about performance
Allow comparisons across states, regions, and health plans
Identify QI priorities and track improvement over time

#### **CHIPRA** state strategies

Produce reports from existing data (Medicaid claims, immunization registries)

Develop reports for different stakeholders: policymakers, health plans, providers, and the public

#### Aligning Measures and QI Priorities

#### Goals

Foster system-level reflection

Set the stage for collective action

Create a powerful incentive for providers to improve care

#### **CHIPRA** state strategies

Formed multi-stakeholder quality improvement workgroups

**Encouraged consistent quality reporting standards across programs** 

Required managed care organizations to meet quality benchmarks

#### Supporting Provider-Level Improvement

#### Goals

Help providers interpret quality reports and track performance Help providers identify QI priorities and design QI activities Encourage behavior change and use of evidence-based practices among providers

#### **CHIPRA** state strategies

#### **Financial support**

Paid providers for reporting measures and demonstrating improvement Changed reimbursement to support improvements

#### **Technical support**

Hosted learning collaboratives

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#### For More Evaluation Results

View evaluation highlights and other materials on the evaluation webpage:

www.ahrq.gov/policymakers/chipra/demoeval/index.html

# SC Medicaid-USC Partnership: Implementing CHIPRA Core Measures in South Carolina

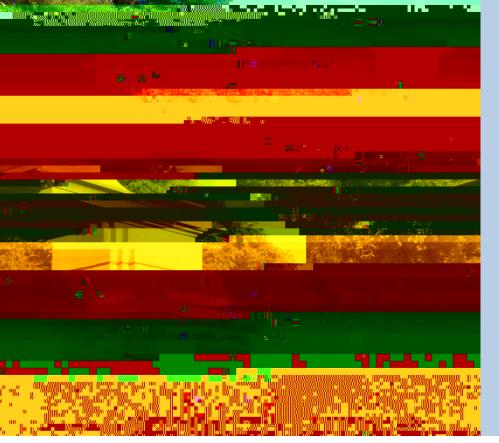
Presented by Kathy Mayfield Smith, MA, MBA
Associate Director, Medicaid Policy Research
USC Institute for Families in Society
September 17, 2015

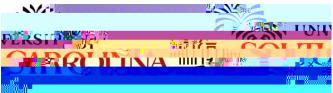














## State University Partnership Continuous since 1996

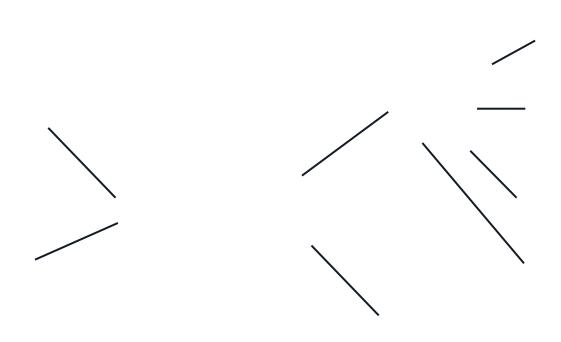
#### **Historical Context**

#### SC Medicaid

Covers about 22-25% of population, 52% of all births Majority Managed Care (Capitated MCO model) 72,000 (2007) 700,000+ (2015) 60%

#### SCDHHS University of SC Partnership

- o Data Analysis Program and Policy
- Technical Assistance & Evaluation Support
- o Geo-spatial analysis
- Managed Care Quality Measure report card since 2007 (HEDIS and CAHPS)
- CARTS quality reporting



### Leveraged Partnershipes

- o Collaboration to conceptualize and write the grant
- o Technical assistance and evaluation for state
- Collect report on all CHIPRA Core measures (including CAHPS)
- Compare practices to matched comparison practices, total CHIPRA, Total MCO and Total State
- o Support and participate in Learning Collaborative
- o Technical assistance with practices

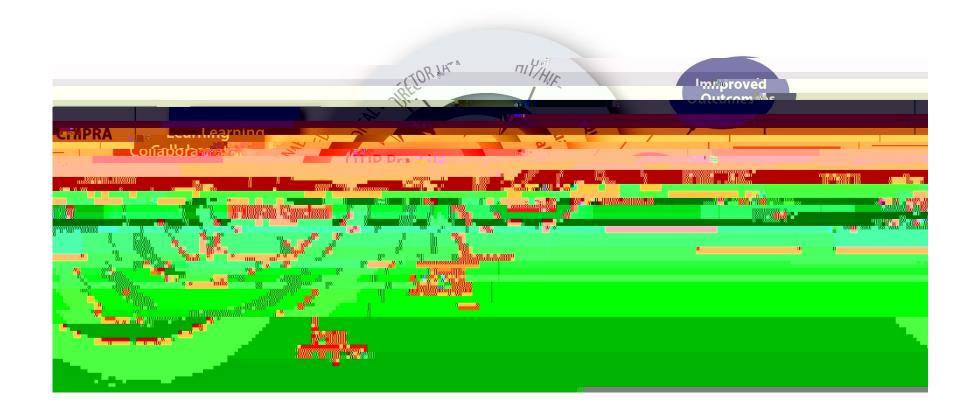
### G7 1g CHIPRA Demonstration -

**Quality through Technology and Innovation in Pediatrics (QTIP)** 

#### Four integrated areas:

- collecting and using a set of core child quality measures to improve healthcare outcomes;
- o enhancing HIT/HIE to facilitate quality improvement;
- o developing provider-based model of integrated primary and behavioral health care; and
- o transforming pediatric practices into patient-centered medical homes.

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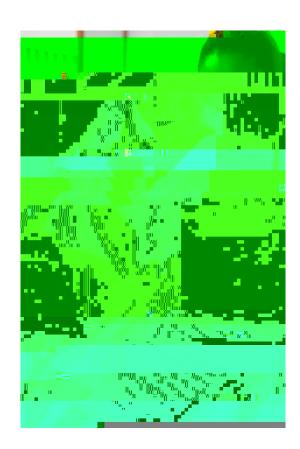




## **Quality Strategies**

## Quality improvement (QI) team formed at each practice

- Lead practitioner, typically a physician champion
- o Other clinician, typically a lead nurse
- Administrative staff, typically the office manager
- All team members required to attend LCs to network, learn, and share experiences

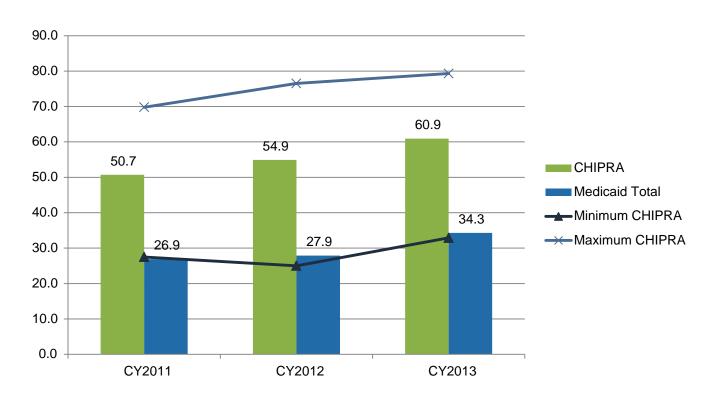


## Core Measure Quality Strategies



### Results - Selected Measures

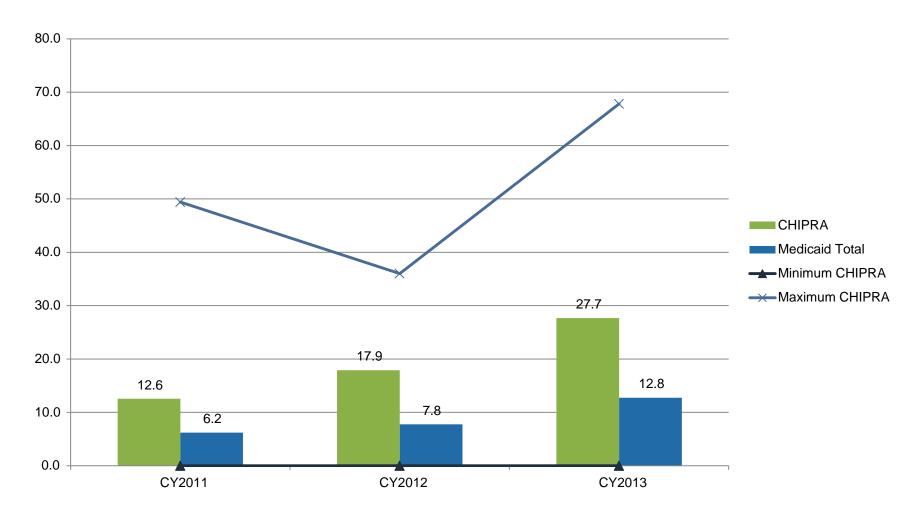
#### **Adolescent Well-Care Visits**





### Well-Child Visits-Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Years of Life

## Developmental Screening - Screened by 12 months of age



### Lessons Learned

Practice performance drives state performance

TA and QI tools needed for data-driven quality improvement

Continued QI effort critical to sustained high performance

QI Team critical to practice change and improved performance

- o Workflow changes, staff empowerment
- o Communication of changes to ensure follow-through

Barriers between physician/practice coding and MCO/State impact performance measures

### Successes/Outcomes

#### Improved performance on quality measures

- o Intervention practices showed statistically significant improvement over time on 11 measures (e.g., Dental visits, Developmental screening, all Well Care)
- o Intervention practices showed statistically significant improvement over comparison on 4 measures (e.g., Weight assessment, Chlamydia screening, developmental screenings)

Demonstrated practice performance drives state performance on quality measures

### Successes/Outcomes

Infusion of lessons learned into SCDHHS initiatives and policy changes

- o Billing and coding changes to support quality measurement
- o MCO incentives/withholds encourage TA with practices
- o TA quality initiatives and contracts target quality at practice level

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### Get in Touch



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## Implementing Child Health Measures at the State and Practice-level

Improving Health Outcomes for Children CHIPRA Quality Demonstration Grant

Sept 17, 2015 State University Partnership Network Webinar

Kimberley Fox
Cutler Institute for Health and Social Policy
Muskie School of Public Service, University of Southern Maine

Funding for this work is provided under grant CFDA 93.767 from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) authorized by Section 401(d) of the Child Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act (CHIPRA)

## CHIPRA Quality Demonstration grant role of State University Partnership

Builds off longstanding cooperative agreement between Maine DHHS and University of Southern Maine, Muskie School of Public Service

Technical assistance and data analytic support using longitudinal data warehouse

Policy analyses, program development, grant writing support

Program evaluation and monitoring for Maine's Medicaid program.

Unique grant requirement rewarding multitate initiative allowed us to also partner with State of Vermont and University of Vermont.



## CHIPRA Quality Demonstration grant Role of State Univ 1998/D925D

#### **Pre-award**

Data warehouse and measurement experience on which to demonstrate expertise, grant application preparation in partnership with Vermont.

#### Postaward Postaward

Crossstate grant and program administration in Maine, TA and data analytic support for child health measurement implementation at statewide and practidevel, rapid cycle evaluation.

Value of crosstate/university partnership

## Children (IHOC) Initiative

Collaborate with health systems, pediatric and family practice providers, associations, state programs and consumers to:

Select and promote a set of child health quality measures.

Create Maine Child Health Improvement Partnership to identify priorities and advise on child health topics in Maine.

Build a health information technology infrastructure to support the reporting and use of quality measurement information.

Transform and standardize the delivery of healthcare services by promoting patient centered medical home principles in claim practices.

Evaluate implementation and provide timely feedback to program and policymakers.



### Health Measures

Broad stakeholder engagement to identify/prioritize child health measures and identify gaps in care needing statewide/practice improvement Investigate and assess the quality of data sources and feasibility of measure calculation methods.

Collect and analyze data to inform planning, implementation, and monitoring.

Identify policy and payment opportunities and guide change required to support child health quality improvement and measurement efforts. Evaluate measure implementation to inform planning and assess effectiveness and disseminate results



Maine Patient Centered Medical Home Pilot **avia**lineCare Health Homes initiative.

Pathways to Excellence

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Developed IHOC Master List of Pediatric Measures IHOC measures adopted/used by other statewide quality initiatives (e.g. PTEAaineCareHealth Homes, SIM, health systems internal QI)

Expanded number of child health statewide measures on F

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# Using Child Health Measures for Quality Improvement at Practice-level

Implemented datadriven QI learning collaborative (First STEPS)

28 practices participated collectively serving 37,630 (@30%) MaineCarechildren

Provided technical assistance to support state registry modifications and changes to health systems EHRs for generating practicelevel IHOC child health measures (e.g. immunizations, oral health risk assessments).

GuidedMaineCarpolicy change and clarified billing payment to support QI and measurement (e.g. developmental screening and oral health)



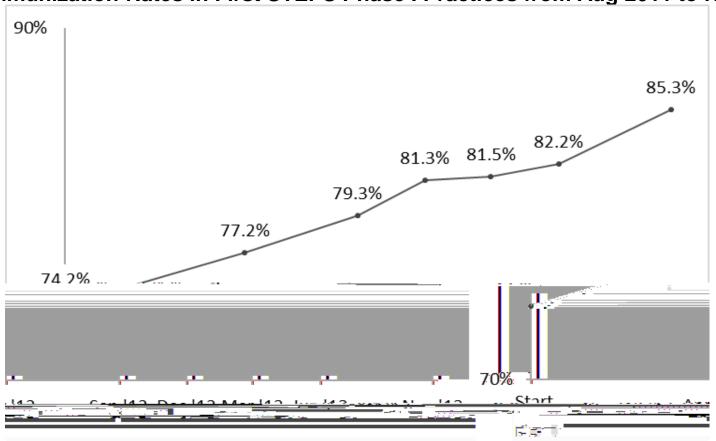
## Evaluating Success of Implementing Child Health Measures at Practice-Level

First STEPS Phase I: Raising Immunization Rates & Building a Patient Centered Medical Home (Sept 2011April 2012):



### First STEPS Phase I Evaluation Highlights: Increase in Practice-level Overall Immunization Rates

#### Immunization Rates in First STEPS Phase I Practices from Aug 2011 to Nov 2013



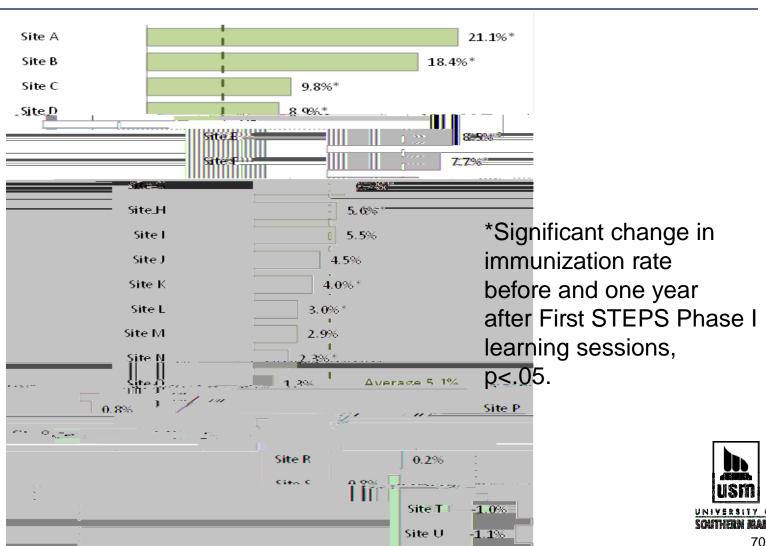


## Percentage Point C Combination and Individual Rates, 8/11 9/12

\* Significant change in immunization rate before and one year after First STEPS Phase I learning sessions, p<.05.



## Percentage Point Change in IHOCImmunization Rates by Practice Ste, First STEPSPractices, (8/11 9/12)



## Implementing Practice-level CHIPRA Immunization Rates

#### Challenges

Existing registry reporting functions were based on ACIP guidelines (grace periods/age cutffs) that meet Nat'l CDC

## Implementing Practice-level CHIPRA Immunization Rates

#### Successes

Increased use of stategistry/ accuracy of data reported.

Monthly practicelevel reportshelpful in measuring rogress toward quality improvement goals.

Producing registry reports for pediatric practices not in First STEPS to submit rates for public reporting to Pathways to Excellence.

Changes to registry underway so practices will be able to

Produce reports based on CHIPRA measures

Produce reports according MaineCareligibility status

Produce reports for comparison across affiliated locations.

Other statewide immunization measures (NIS, ACIP) had improved significantly, which has been attributed to IHOC/First STEPS.

# First STEPS Phase II: Developmental Screening Measures

First STEPS Phase II: Developmental, Autism and Lead Screening (optional anemia screening):

Monthly data reports based on chart review.

MaineCareclaims.

Goal for developmental, autism, and lead screening rates:

Improve the rate of these screenings (according to Bright Futures guidelines) by 50% between May 2012 and December 2012.



# Measurement: Developmental Screening

#### Challenges with Claims-based measure:

Extremely (and unexpected) low statewide rates.

Difficulty identifying specific types of screenings using the 96110 billing code as specified in the measure

#### Policy Response:

MaineCareclarified and modified the billingnethod for developmental and autismpecificscreenings (and autism testing) for use by primary care providers.

Clarified existing rate structure foelated screeningandtests.

Addedmodifiers\* to existing billing codes to distinguishetween globaldevelopmental & autismspecific screening and follow-up autism testing.



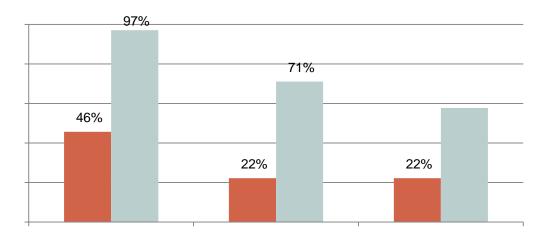
<sup>\*96110 =</sup> global developmental screening

<sup>\*96110</sup> HI = autismpecific screening

<sup>\*96111</sup> HK = autism testing

## First STEPS Phase II Evaluation Highlights: Increase in Practice-level Use of Developmental Screening Tools based on Chart Review

#### AVERAGE PERCENT DOCUMENTED USE OF A DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING TOOL (PEDS OR ASQ)



Source: Chart Review data from Phase II First STEPS practices as reported in: Improving Health Outcomes for Children (IHOC) First STEPS Phase II Initiative: Improving Developmental, Autism and Lead Screening for Children Final Evaluation Report, Muskie School of Public Service, University of Southern Maine, Aug 2013

# First STEPS Phase II Evaluation Highlights: Greater Increase in Practice-level Claims-based Developmental Screening Rates than Statewide

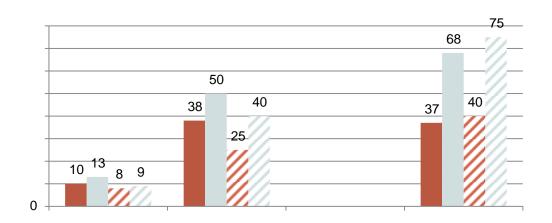


Source: MaineCare Paid claims analyses. Improving Health Outcomes for Children (IHOC) First STEPS Phase II Initiative: Improving Developmental, Autism and Lead Screening for Children Final Evaluation Report, Muskie School of Public Service, University of Southern Maine, Aug 2013



## First STEPS Phase II Evaluation Highlights: Increase in Practice-level Use of Developmental Screening Tools based on Chart Review

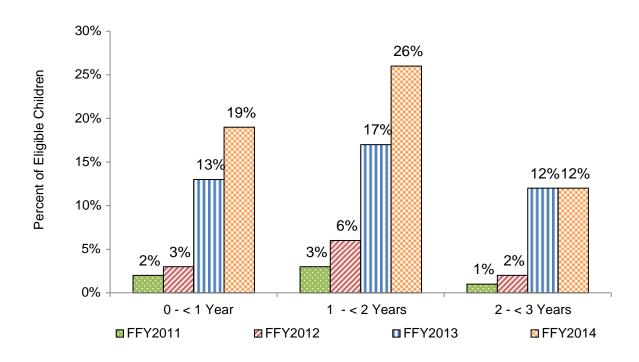
#### NUMBER OF MAINECARE PAID CLAIMS FOR M-CHAT I AUTISM SCREENS FOR CHILDREN AGE ONE AND TWO



Source: MaineCare administrative claims data as reported in: Improving Health Outcomes for Children (IHOC) First STEPS Phase II Initiative: Improving Developmental, Autism and Lead Screening for Children Final Evaluation Report, Muskie School of Public Service, University of Southern Maine, Aug 2013

# Statewide Claims-based Developmental Screening Rates Increasing

#### Developmental Screening Rates among MaineCare-Enrolled Children



Source: MaineCare administrative paid claims data as reported in: IHOC Summary of Pediatric Quality Measures for Children Enrolled in MaineCare FFY 2011-2014, Muskie School of Public Service, University of Southern Maine, Sept 2015.



### Lessons Learned

Child health measures need to be actionable and available at the practicelevel to improve performance.

Data source mattersMeasurescannot be operationalized without reliable methods for capturing, collecting, calculating, and reporting the data.

Integratingdata system improvements as part of child QI efforts helps increase visibilitynd accuracy of data andemonstrates how data can be 'meaningfully used' to sustain quality improvement over time.

Aligningmeasures across state initiatives is key for provider ibuy and to sustain qualitymprovementwork after grant funding.



### Questions or Comments?



For more information:

Please contact: Kimberley Fox, kfox@usm.maine.edu

Or visit the IHOC website:

http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/oms/provider/ihoc.shtml



## **Thank You!**

Please fill out the evaluation questions on screen

Additional Questions? Contact:

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(Stephanie.Kennedy@AcademyHealth.org)

